

# Using the New Poverty Data

*How Much Progress?*

*Why Not More?*

September 9, 2015



## **Thanks to our generous funders**

The Annie E. Casey Foundation  
The George Gund Foundation  
Anonymous  
CHN Members and Supporters

## Jared Bernstein

**Jared Bernstein** has been a Senior Fellow at the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities since May 2011. From 2009 – 2011, he was Chief Economist and Economic Advisor to Vice President Joe Biden. His blog, ***On the Economy***, is a model of clarity about complex and critical economic issues. He is a frequent commentator on CNBC and MSNBC and in the *New York Times*.



## Deborah Weinstein

**Deborah Weinstein** has been executive director of the Coalition on Human Needs since 2003. Before that she was director of the Family Income Division at the Children's Defense Fund. Debbie has been helping advocates use Census and other data to combat poverty and hardship for more than two decades.



## Ellen Teller, Moderator



**Ellen Teller** is Director of Government Affairs at the Food Research and Action Center (FRAC). She joined FRAC in 1986, and previously served as an attorney at the American Bar Association, Center for Science in the Public Interest and the Consumer Federation of America. She is the Board Chair of the Coalition on Human Needs.

Poverty and income  
day:  
What to expect, what to  
look for

Jared Bernstein

CBPP

9/15

## Let's talk about:

- What's in the Sept. 16 release?
- What do we expect in terms of changes in key variables?
- Why? What economic factors point in that direction?
- Is there anything important missing from the report?
- How might poverty and incomes be moving right now?

What's in the 9/16 release? (Really, what are the usual highlights? There's a lot more in this report.)

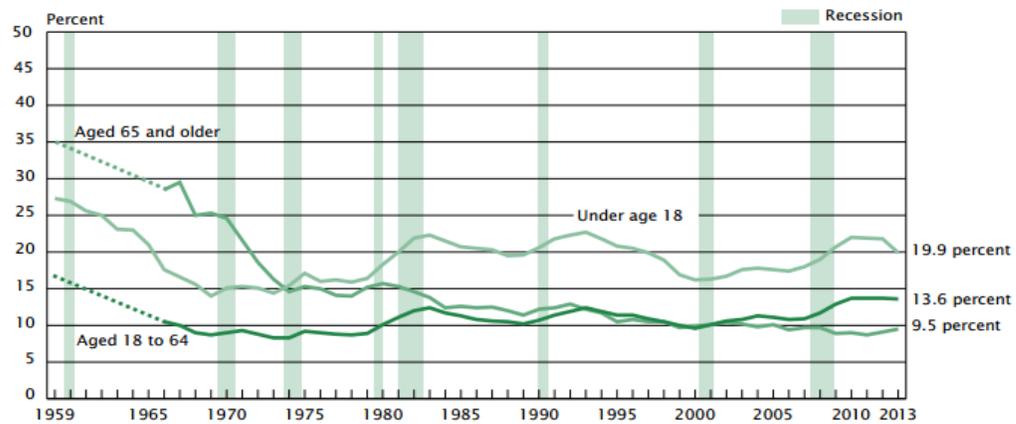
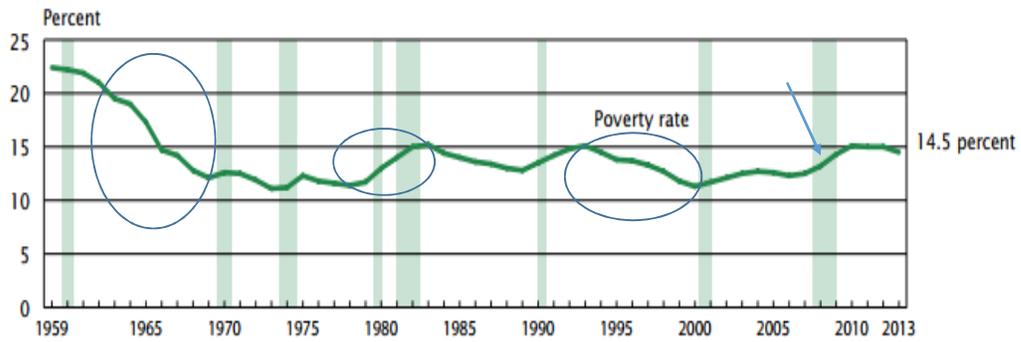
- The official poverty rate for 2014 (2013: 14.5%, 45 million)
- The child poverty rate for 2014 (2013: 19.9%, 15 million)  
[these measures by race, age, gender, family status]
- Median household income
- Some income inequality measures (income shares, "Gini")
- Health coverage, share uninsured.
- The SPM poverty rate (I'll explain what that means...)

## Expectations/forecasts?

- I expect the poverty rate to fall a few tenths of a percent, leaving it well above pre-recession level of 12.5% in 2007.
- I expect median household income to go about 2% in nominal terms; given the inflation was about 1.5% in 2014, that's about a 0.5% real gain.

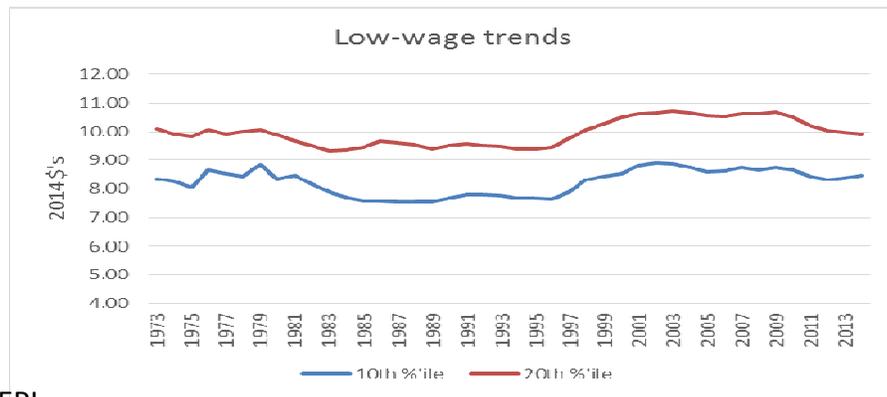
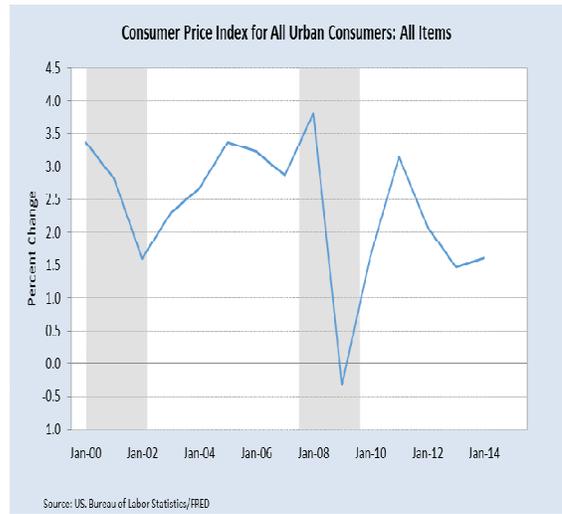
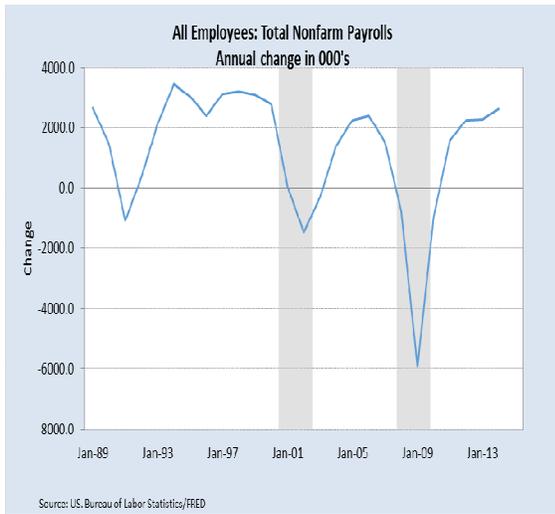
[Statistical significance: Poverty rate usually has to change by 0.2-0.3 ppts to be significant; median income, by about 1% in real terms; also some sampling issues may be in play this year.]

Official poverty rates: some highlights of what moves the rates up and down



## Key takeaways from official history

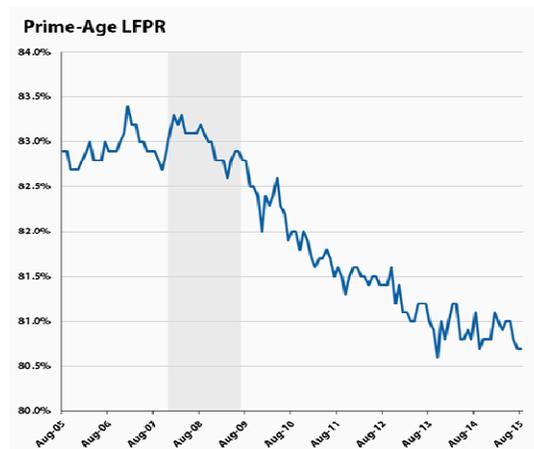
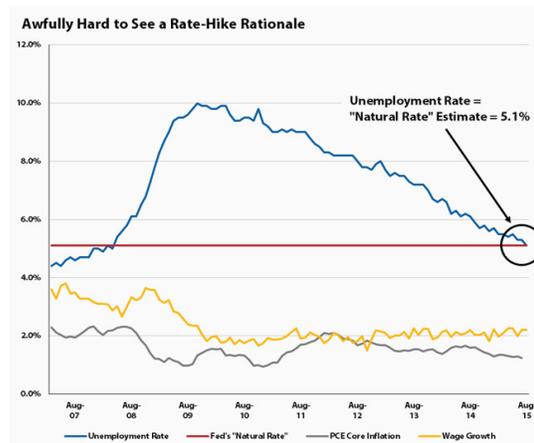
- Anti-poverty policy matters a ton...“we fought a war on poverty and much of what we’ve done has helped to reduce poverty rates.”
- Poverty is counter-cyclical, i.e., economy improves, it tends to go down (though inequality critical factor here).
- Full employment and its impact on wages are key.
- The official rate leaves out a lot of policy.



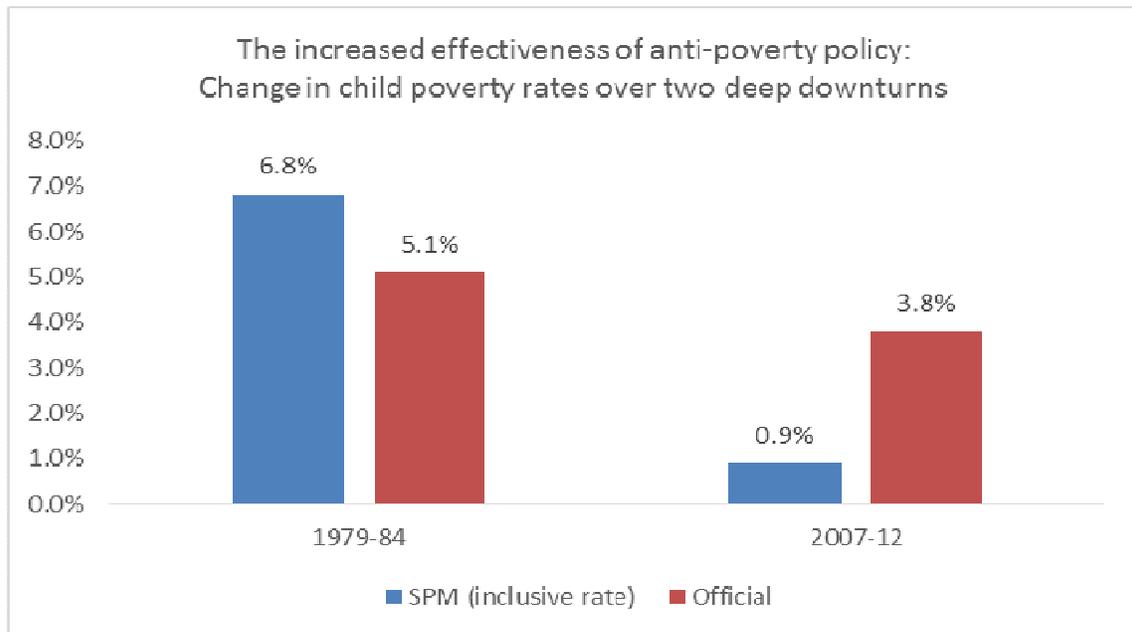
Sources: BLS, EPI

Brief detour: is the current job market really that tight?

- Unemp rate is 5.1%, but...
- Labor force participation rate still low
- Lots of involuntary part-timers
- Wage and price trends flat! (relevant for Federal Reserve)

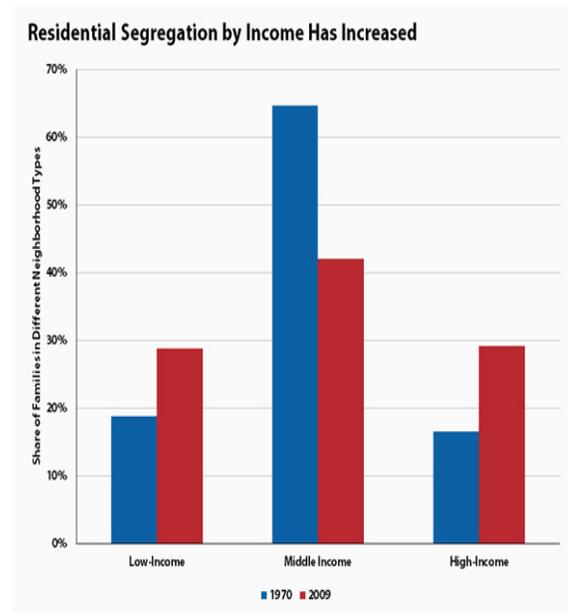


The safety net has become more effective while the official measure has become less informative



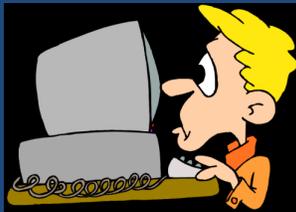
## Final issues

- Deep poverty (*\$2-a-Day* book)
- What's happening now re poverty/economy?
- What are the key poverty policy debates right now?
  - Budget, approps, EITC/CTC provisions
  - Concentrated poverty, residential segregation
  - Fed "liftoff," absence of full employment
  - Min wages, "Fight for \$15"
- Poverty and the campaigns—not hearing much...



# The New Data: Finding and Using it

Deborah Weinstein



## Questions the data can answer:

- **Poverty** – Poverty finally started to decline in 2013. Will progress continue in 2014? Do children, minorities, people with disabilities remain disproportionately poor?
- How much have SNAP, UI, tax credits reduced poverty?
- How many work but remain poor, or near poor?
- **Income** – has income continued to slide for most people? Has inequality continued to widen?
- **Health insurance** – signs of the impact of the Affordable Care Act?

## More questions

- **Deep poverty** – how many are below half the poverty line?
- **Rent hardships** - how many people are paying more than 35 or 50 percent of their income on rent?
- **Food hardships** – are more people using SNAP? How many are food insecure?
- **Education** - of those who haven't finished high school, how many are poor? Unemployed?

## How to Find the Answers

- On September 16 and 17, the Census Bureau will release survey data for 2014:
  - Sept. 16: **Current Population Survey (CPS)** – national data: poverty, income, health insurance. Also, **American Community Survey (ACS)** health insurance data.
  - **New:** Supplemental Poverty Measure report out on the 16<sup>th</sup>.
  - Sept. 17: **American Community Survey (ACS)** – state, local data (including congressional district).
- USDA released ***Household Food Security in the U.S. in 2014*** (with state data) **today** (Sept. 9).

## The New Data – Part 1

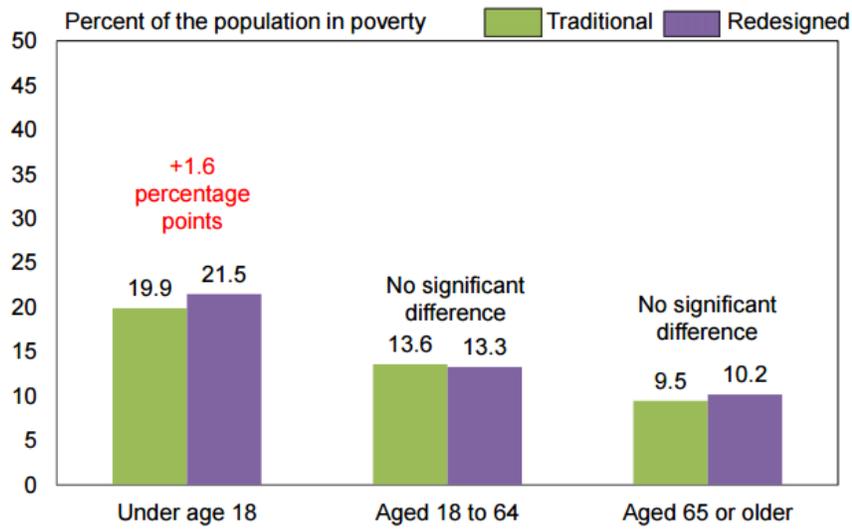
Tuesday, September 16: **Current Population Survey** release:

- Provides national picture re income, poverty, and health insurance.
- Will have state health insurance data from American Community Survey.
- Will release Supplemental Poverty Measure – will show people lifted out of poverty by SNAP, Social Security, tax credits, housing subsidies, etc.

### *Complication:*

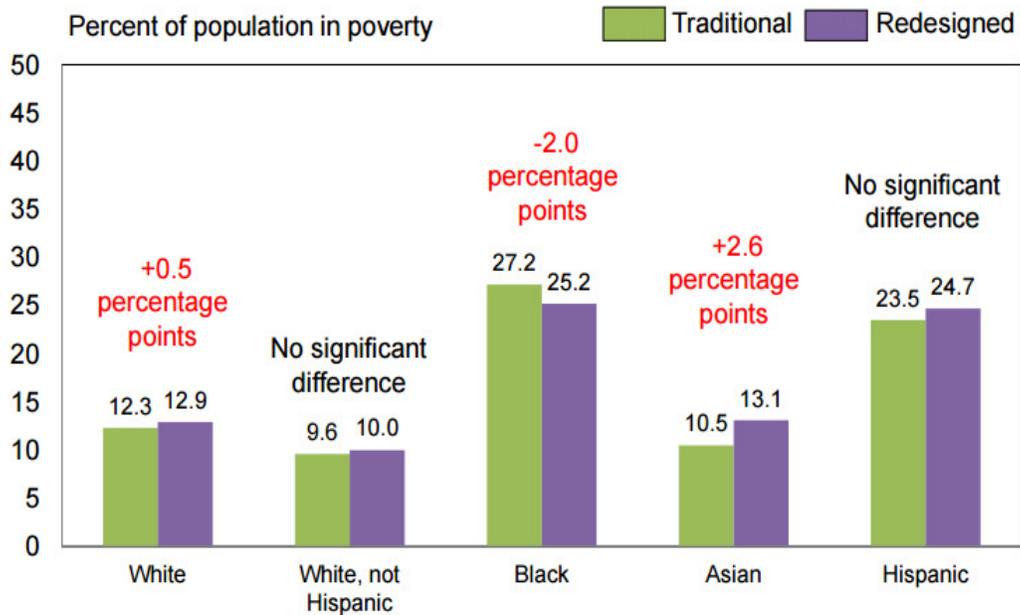
- New income survey questions introduced.
- Split sample in 2013:
  - New questions: 30,000
  - Old questions: 68,000
- In 2014, full sample has new q's.
- Comparisons of 2013 to 2014 – okay – compare to 2013 sample with new questions.
- Comparisons of 2014 to prior years more complicated – they are working on ways to make accurate comparisons.
- No state data from CPS this year.

## Official Poverty Rates by Age: 2013



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

## Poverty Rates by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2013



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

# Finding the CPS Data on 9/16

Census Bureau Press Conf Online 10 a.m.

The screenshot shows the U.S. Census Bureau website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the following links: Topics (Population, Economy), Geography (Maps, Geographic Data), Library (Infographics, Publications), Data (Tools, Developers), About the Bureau (Research, Surveys), and Newsroom (News, Events, Blogs). A search bar is located on the right side of the navigation bar.

The main content area features a prominent announcement for the 'World Population Clock Application'. A red arrow points to the 'NEW' badge. The announcement includes a world map and a sidebar with the following categories: Population by Age and Sex, U.S. Trade in Manufactured Goods, and Top Exported Goods by U.S. State or Territory. A text box to the right of the map states: 'World Population Clock Updated with New Features. The U.S. Census Bureau recently updated its popular World Population Clock Web tool with features and information for 228 countries.'

Below the main announcement, there are three columns of widgets:

- Population Clock:** Displays U.S. Population (321,697,905) and World Population (7,271,323,422) with a 'Learn More >>' link.
- QuickFacts:** Promotes quick access to facts about people, business, and geography, with a 'Select a state to begin' dropdown menu.
- U.S. Census Bureau Economic Indicators:** Lists various indicators such as International Trade: Goods & Services Balance (-\$41.9 B, 7.4%), Manufacturers' Goods New Orders (\$482.0 B, 0.4%), and Construction Spending (\$1,083.4 B).

At the bottom, there are sections for 'Latest News' (Census Bureau to Launch New Web Application Census Business Builder) and 'Stat of the Day' (Traveler Accommodation).

To find CPS report: after clicking on “**Topics**”,  
click on “**Income and Poverty**”

The screenshot shows the website www.census.gov/topics.html. The top navigation bar includes links for Topics, Geography, Library, Data, About the Bureau, and Newsroom. A search bar is located in the top right. The main content area features a sidebar on the left with a list of topics: Population, Economy, Business, Education, Employment, Families & Living Arrangements, Health, Housing, Income & Poverty, International Trade, Public Sector, and Index A-Z. A red arrow points to the 'Income & Poverty' link. The main content area has a 'Topics' section with a sub-header 'Introducing a new way to navigate by topics. Access the latest news, data, publications and more around topics of interest.' Below this are sections for 'Education' and 'Employment', each with a small image and a brief description. The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the time as 3:32 AM on 9/10/2014.

Then click on “Poverty”, and you’ll see  
Income, Poverty and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States, 2014

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL [www.census.gov/hhes/www/poverty/](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/poverty/). The page features the United States Census Bureau logo and a navigation menu with categories: Topics (Population, Economy), Geography (Maps, Geographic Data), Library (Infographics, Publications), Data (Tools, Developers), About the Bureau (Research, Surveys), and Newsroom (News, Events, Blogs). The main heading is "Poverty" with sub-links for Main, About Poverty, Data, Methodology, Publications, Related Sites, and Contact Us. On the left, a "Quick Links" sidebar lists: Overview/Highlights, Definitions, Poverty Data Sources, Microdata Access, and Poverty Thresholds. The main content area is titled "Poverty Main" and includes an introductory paragraph about poverty data sources. Below this is a "Latest Releases" section containing several links, with a red arrow pointing to the link "Income and Poverty in the United States: 2013 (P60-249)".

**Quick Links**

- Overview/Highlights
- Definitions
- Poverty Data Sources
- Microdata Access
- Poverty Thresholds

**Poverty Main**

The Census Bureau reports poverty data from several major household surveys and programs. The Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the Current Population Survey (CPS) is the source of official national poverty estimates. The American Community Survey (ACS) provides single and multi-year estimates for smaller areas. The Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) provides longitudinal estimates. The Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) program provides model-based poverty estimates for counties and school districts. See [Description of Income and Poverty Data Sources](#) to determine which survey or program meets your specific needs.

**Latest Releases**

- [Note on National Income and Poverty Estimates for Calendar Year 2013](#)
- [Expert Meeting on Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance](#)
- [Poverty Rates by County: 1960-2010](#) [XLSM - 6M]
- [Dynamics of Economic Well-Being: Poverty, 2009-2012](#)
- [Income and Poverty in the United States: 2013 \(P60-249\)](#)
- [Poverty: 2012 and 2013 \(ACSB/R/13-01\)](#) [PDF - 508k]
- [Changes in Areas With Concentrated Poverty: 2000 to 2010](#)
- [Living in Near Poverty in the United States: 1966-2012 \(P60-248\)](#)
- [How Census Measures Poverty Infographic](#) [Source: U.S. Census Bureau]
- [The History of a Measure Infographic](#) [Source: U.S. Census Bureau]

# You can get full report, press materials, or detailed tables

## Full Report:

(this is last year's)



Note that detailed tables for 2013 include both the sample asked the “redesigned” questions and the sample asked the “traditional” q’s.

**Poverty**

[Main](#) | [About Poverty](#) | [Data](#) | [Methodology](#) | [Publications](#) | [Related Sites](#) | [Contact Us](#)

**Current Population Survey (CPS)**  
A joint effort between the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Census Bureau

**Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement**  
**2013 Poverty Table of Contents**

These data come from the CPS 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, formerly called the March Supplement.  
For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <http://ftp2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar14.pdf> [PDF].

Table Number	Title
<a href="#">Table Renumbering: Old tables mapped to new tables</a>	
POV01	<a href="#">Age and Sex of All People, Family Members and Unrelated Individuals Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Redesigned income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 30,000 addresses)</a>
	<a href="#">Age and Sex of All People, Family Members and Unrelated Individuals Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Traditional income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 68,000 addresses)</a>
POV02	<a href="#">People in Families by Family Structure, Age, and Sex, Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Redesigned income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 30,000 addresses)</a>
	<a href="#">People in Families by Family Structure, Age, and Sex, Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Traditional income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 68,000 addresses)</a>
POV03	<a href="#">People in Families with Related Children Under 18 by Family Structure, Age, and Sex, Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Redesigned income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 30,000 addresses)</a>
	<a href="#">People in Families with Related Children Under 18 by Family Structure, Age, and Sex, Iterated by Income-to-Poverty Ratio and Race (Based on Traditional income questions and CPS ASEC sample of 68,000 addresses)</a>

## A few examples of detailed tables:

- **POV01:** Shows people below 50% FPL, below 100%, below 200%, etc. White, Black, Asian, Hispanic (may be of any race).
- **POV06:** Families by number of working family members and family structure
- **POV22:** Work experience by age, sex, household relationship, poverty status
- **POV29:** Years of school by poverty status – age, sex, nativity

# This year, the Supplemental Poverty Measure will also be released on 9/16

Important analysis showing how the proportion of people in poverty declines because of Social Security, low-income tax credits, SNAP, UI, housing subsidies, etc.  
 May be written up in **Random Samplings** blog, [blogs.census.gov](http://blogs.census.gov)

Table 5a.  
**Effect of Individual Elements on SPM Rates: 2013**  
 (Data are based the CPS ASEC sample of 68,000 addresses.<sup>1</sup> Confidence intervals [C.I.] in percentage points. Percent of people as of March of the following year. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [ftp://ftp2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar14.pdf](http://ftp2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar14.pdf))

Elements	All people		Under 18 years		18 to 64 years		65 years and over	
	Estimate	90 percent C.I. <sup>1</sup> (±)	Estimate	90 percent C.I. <sup>1</sup> (±)	Estimate	90 percent C.I. <sup>1</sup> (±)	Estimate	90 percent C.I. <sup>1</sup> (±)
<b>SPM</b> .....	<b>15.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>
<b>ADDITIONS</b>								
Social Security .....	24.1	0.4	18.6	0.6	19.8	0.4	52.6	1.0
Refundable tax credits .....	18.4	0.4	22.8	0.6	17.5	0.4	14.8	0.6
SNAP .....	17.1	0.3	19.3	0.5	16.6	0.4	15.4	0.6
Unemployment insurance .....	16.2	0.3	17.3	0.5	16.0	0.4	14.9	0.6
SSI .....	16.8	0.3	17.4	0.5	16.7	0.4	16.1	0.6
Housing subsidies .....	16.5	0.3	17.8	0.5	16.2	0.4	15.8	0.6
Child support received .....	16.0	0.3	17.4	0.5	15.7	0.4	14.7	0.6
School lunch .....	16.0	0.3	17.5	0.6	15.7	0.4	14.7	0.6
TANF/General Assistance .....	15.8	0.3	16.9	0.5	15.6	0.4	14.7	0.6
WIC .....	15.7	0.3	16.8	0.5	15.5	0.4	14.6	0.6
LIHEAP .....	15.6	0.3	16.5	0.5	15.5	0.4	14.7	0.6
Workers' compensation .....	15.6	0.3	16.5	0.5	15.5	0.4	14.6	0.6
<b>SUBTRACTIONS</b>								
Child support paid .....	15.4	0.3	16.3	0.5	15.3	0.4	14.6	0.6
Federal income tax .....	15.1	0.3	16.2	0.5	14.8	0.4	14.5	0.6
FICA .....	14.0	0.3	14.4	0.5	13.8	0.3	14.3	0.6
Work expenses .....	13.6	0.3	13.9	0.5	13.4	0.3	14.2	0.6
MOOP .....	12.0	0.3	13.3	0.5	12.3	0.3	8.3	0.5

<sup>1</sup> A 90 percent confidence interval is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the confidence interval in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. Confidence intervals shown in this table are based on standard errors calculated using replicate weights. For more information see "Standard Errors and Their Use" at <http://ftp2.census.gov/library/publications/2014/demo/p60-249a.pdf>.

<sup>2</sup> The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of the 2013 data for this table is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC, approximately 68,000 addresses.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

# For a wealth of state and local data, wait for Part 2: The American Community Survey, 9/17

U.S. Department of Commerce | Blogs | Index A-Z | Glossary | FAQs

Search

**United States Census Bureau**

**Topics**  
Population, Economy

**Geography**  
Maps, Geographic Data

**Library**  
Infographics, Publications

**Data**  
Tools, Developers

**About the Bureau**  
Research, Surveys

**Newsroom**  
News, Events, Blogs

### 2015 National Content Test

The 2015 National Content Test is being conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau to test census questionnaire content and to obtain nationwide measurements of response rates for Internet and self-response. The test census began on August 24.

1 2 3

#### Population Clock

U.S. Population  
3 2 1, 6 9 8, 0 5 4

World Population  
7 2 7 1, 3 2 7, 8 6 4

Sep 08, 2015 08:57 UTC (+4) [Learn More >>](#)

#### QuickFacts

Quick, easy access to facts about people, business, and geography.

Select a state to begin

#### U.S. Census Bureau Economic Indicators

International Trade: Goods & Services	-\$41.9 B	Balance	7.4%
July 2015 Report			
Released 8:30 AM EDT, 9/3/15			
Manufacturers' Goods	\$482.0 B	New Orders	0.4%
July 2015 Report			
Released 10:00 AM EDT, 9/2/15			
Construction Spending	\$1,083.4 B		

View All \* change not statistically significant \* significance not reported / applicable

#### Latest News

Census Bureau to Launch New Web Application Census Business Builder  
September 04, 2015

#### Stat of the Day

**Traveler Accommodation**  
Sales for traveler accommodation in June went

The screenshot shows the American Factfinder website interface. At the top, there are browser tabs for 'FactFinder', 'The Washington Post: Nat...', 'www.census.gov/prod/20...', and 'www.census.gov/content...'. The address bar shows 'factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml'. The website header includes the 'AMERICAN FactFinder' logo and a map of the United States with 'KANSAS' highlighted. Below the header is a navigation menu with 'COMMUNITY FACTS', 'GUIDED SEARCH', 'ADVANCED SEARCH', and 'DOWNLOAD CENTER'. The main content area is divided into several sections: 'Community Facts' with a search box and a 'GO' button; 'Guided Search', 'Advanced Search', and 'Download Center' links; a 'News and Notes' section with a 'GET EMAIL UPDATES' button and a news item from June 26, 2014; an 'Address Search' section with a search box and a 'GO' button; and a 'Reference Maps' section. A red arrow points to the 'Community Facts' section, and a blue arrow points to the 'get data' link in the 'What We Provide' section. The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows icons for Internet Explorer, File Explorer, Windows Media Center, Task Manager, Google Chrome, and several other applications.

Click on "Data,"  
Then "Data  
Tools and Apps,"  
Then "American  
Factfinder,"  
Then American  
Community  
Survey, "Get  
Data"

**Community Facts**  
Find popular facts (population, income, etc.) and frequently requested data about your community.  
Enter a state, county, city, town, or zip code:  
e.g., Atlanta, GA

**Guided Search**

**Advanced Search**

**Download Center**

American FactFinder provides access to data about the United States, Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. The data in American FactFinder come from several censuses and surveys. For more information see [Using FactFinder and What We Provide](#).

**Using American FactFinder**  
Learn about American FactFinder's functions and features.

**What We Provide**  
The following data are available on American FactFinder:

- American Community Survey [more »](#) | [get data »](#)
- American Housing Survey [more »](#) | [get data »](#)
- Annual Economic Surveys [more »](#)
- Annual Surveys of Governments [more »](#)
- Census of Governments [more »](#) | [get data »](#)
- Decennial Census [more »](#) | [get data »](#)
- Economic Census [more »](#) | [get data »](#)

**News and Notes**

June 26, 2014  
Population Estimates by Demographic Characteristic: July 1, 2013--...

[view all news, release schedules, and more »](#)

**Address Search**  
Find Census data by entering a [street address](#).

**Reference Maps**  
Reference Maps show selected geographic boundaries for an area along with orienting features, such as roads.

United States

U.S. Department of Commerce  
**United States Census Bureau**

**AMERICAN FactFinder**

MAIN COMMUNITY FACTS GUIDED SEARCH **ADVANCED SEARCH** DOWNLOAD CENTER

**Search - Use the options on the left (topics, geographies, ...) to narrow your search results**

**Your Selections**

Search using...  
 Program: American Community Survey  
 clear all selections and start a new search  
 load search save search

Search using the options below:

- Topics (age, income, year, dataset, ...)
- Geographies (states, counties, places, ...)
- Race and Ethnic Groups (race, ancestry, tribe)
- Industry Codes (NAICS industry, ...)
- EEO Occupation Codes (executives, analysts, ...)

**Search Results: 1-25 of 54,842 tables and other products match 'Your Selections'**

Refine your search results: topic or table name state, county or place (optional) GO ?

topics  race/ancestry  industries  occupations

Selected: View Download Compare Clear All Reset Sort ?

Show results from: All available years All available programs

ID	Table, File or Document Title	Dataset
<input type="checkbox"/> S0101	AGE AND SEX	2013 ACS 5-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0101	AGE AND SEX	2013 ACS 3-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0101	AGE AND SEX	2013 ACS 1-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 5-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 3-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 1-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102PR	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN PUERTO RICO	2013 ACS 5-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102PR	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN PUERTO RICO	2013 ACS 3-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0102PR	POPULATION 60 YEARS AND OVER IN PUERTO RICO	2013 ACS 1-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0103	POPULATION 65 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 5-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0103	POPULATION 65 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 3-yea
<input type="checkbox"/> S0103	POPULATION 65 YEARS AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 1-yea

Click on “Year” – pick **2014** on 9/17;  
Click on “Product Type” – pick **Comparison Profile**  
Then click on “Close”

The screenshot shows the American FactFinder search results page. On the left, there are navigation panels for 'Your Selections', 'Search using the options below', and various filters like 'Topics', 'Geographies', 'Race and Ethnic Groups', 'Industry Codes', and 'EEO Occupation Codes'. The main content area shows search results with a 'Recommendations (4)' section. A 'Select Topics' dialog box is overlaid on the page, titled 'Select Topics to add to 'Your Selections''. It contains a list of topics: People, Housing, Year, Product Type, Document Type, Program, Survey, and Dataset. A red arrow points to 'Year' and a blue arrow points to 'Product Type'. A purple arrow points to the 'CLOSE X' button in the top right corner of the dialog box. Below the list, there is a note: 'Note: The Race & Ethnicity topic is available under the Race and Ethnic Groups button on the left.' and a checkbox for 'Include archived products in your search'. At the bottom of the dialog box, it says '1 Selected:' followed by buttons for 'View', 'Download', 'Compare', and 'Clear All'. The background shows a browser window with the URL 'factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/searchresults.xhtml?refresh=t' and a Chrome menu open on the right side. The taskbar at the bottom shows the system clock as 4:29 AM on 9/10/2014.

## Many different products (tables)

**Search - Use the options on the left (topics, geographies, ...) to narrow your search results**

**Your Selections**

Search using...  
Program: American Community Survey

Search using the options below:

- Topics (age, income, year, dataset, ...)
- Geographies (states, counties, places, ...)
- Race and Ethnic Groups (race, ancestry, tribe)
- Industry Codes (NAICS industry, ...)
- EEO Occupation Codes (executives, analysts, ...)

**Recommendations (4)**

**Select Topics**

Select Topics to add to 'Your Selections'

- People
- Housing
- Year
- Product Type
  - Comparison Profile (34)
  - Data Profile (98)
  - Detailed Table (23,470)
  - Geography Comparison Table (21,589)
  - Geography Header (20)
  - Narrative Profile (8)
  - Public Use Microdata Sample (36)
  - Quick Table (98)
  - Ranking Table (672)
  - Selected Population Profile (28)
  - Subject Table (1,199)
- Document Type
  - Program
  - Survey
  - Dataset

Note: The Race & Ethnicity topic is available under the Race and Ethnic Groups button on the left.

Include archived products in your search

	Dataset	About
STATES	2012 ACS 1-year estimates	<a href="#">?</a>
STATES	2012 ACS 3-year estimates	<a href="#">?</a>
STATES	2012 ACS 5-year estimates	<a href="#">?</a>
DP02PR	SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN PUERTO RICO	2012 ACS 1-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>
DP02PR	SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN PUERTO RICO	2012 ACS 3-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>
DP02PR	SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN PUERTO RICO	2012 ACS 5-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>
DP03	SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2012 ACS 1-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>
DP03	SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2012 ACS 3-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>
DP03	SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2012 ACS 5-year estimates <a href="#">?</a>

Now, click on “Geographies” (on left) – select “State”

The screenshot shows the American FactFinder search results page. On the left sidebar, under "Search using the options below:", the "Geographies" option is selected, indicated by a red arrow. A dropdown menu is open, listing various geographic types such as "United States - 010", "Region - 020", "State - 040", "County - 050", etc. The "State - 040" option is highlighted. Below the dropdown, there is a message: "Didn't find your geographic type? Click the 'all geographic types' radio button above, or try the Name, Address or Map geography s". At the bottom of the page, there is a summary bar that says "1 Selected:" followed by buttons for "View", "Download", "Compare", and "Clear All". The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the time as 4:53 AM on 9/10/2014.

Select your state – example below, **Colorado**, and then click on **“Add to your Selections,”** then **“close”**

The screenshot shows the American FactFinder interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'MAIN', 'COMMUNITY FACTS', 'GUIDED SEARCH', 'ADVANCED SEARCH', and 'DOWNLOAD CENTER'. Below this is a search bar and a map of the United States. The main content area is titled 'Search - Use the options on the left (topics, geographies, ...) to narrow your search results'. On the left side, there is a 'Your Selections' panel with 'State: Colorado' selected. The 'Select Geographies' dialog box is open, showing a list of states. 'Colorado' is highlighted with a blue arrow. Below the list are buttons for 'ADD TO YOUR SELECTIONS' and 'ABOUT THIS GEOGRAPHY'. A red arrow points from the text above to the 'ADD TO YOUR SELECTIONS' button.

You'll see all your selections in the upper left box; then click on **“Comparative Economic Characteristics, 1 year”**

The screenshot shows the American FactFinder search results page. The browser address bar displays the URL: factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/searchresults.xhtml?refresh=t. The page header includes the U.S. Department of Commerce logo and the American FactFinder title. The navigation menu contains links for MAIN, COMMUNITY FACTS, GUIDED SEARCH, ADVANCED SEARCH, and DOWNLOAD CENTER. The main content area is titled "Search - Use the options on the left (topics, geographies, ...) to narrow your search results".

On the left side, there is a "Your Selections" box showing the following criteria:

- Search using...
  - Program: American Community Survey
  - Product Type: Comparison Profile
  - State: Colorado
- Search using the options below:
  - Topics (age, income, year, dataset, ...)
  - Geographies (states, counties, places, ...)
  - Race and Ethnic Groups (race, ancestry, tribe)
  - Industry Codes (NAICS industry, ...)
  - EEO Occupation Codes (executives, analysts, ...)

A red arrow points from the "Your Selections" box to the "Refine your search results" input field. The input field contains the text "Comparative Economic Characteristics, 1 year". Below the input field, there are radio buttons for "topics", "race/ancestry", "Industries", and "occupations". The "topics" radio button is selected.

The search results are displayed in a table with the following columns: ID, Table, File or Document Title, Dataset, and About. The table contains 12 rows of results. The second row, with ID CP03, is circled in red and has a blue arrow pointing to it. The table data is as follows:

ID	Table, File or Document Title	Dataset	About
CP02	COMPARATIVE SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP02	COMPARATIVE SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES	2013 ACS 1-year estimates	?
CP03	COMPARATIVE ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2013 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP03	COMPARATIVE ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2013 ACS 1-year estimates	?
CP04	COMPARATIVE HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS	2013 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP04	COMPARATIVE HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS	2013 ACS 1-year estimates	?
CP05	COMPARATIVE DEMOGRAPHIC ESTIMATES	2013 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP05	COMPARATIVE DEMOGRAPHIC ESTIMATES	2013 ACS 1-year estimates	?
CP02	SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES	2012 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP02	SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES	2012 ACS 1-year estimates	?
CP03	SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2012 ACS 3-year estimates	?
CP03	SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	2012 ACS 1-year estimates	?

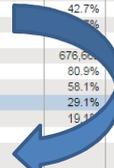
The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the system clock as 5:35 AM on 9/8/2015.

## Comparison Profile will show 2010 – 2014 changes, and whether they are statistically significant (not just chance)

Subject	Colorado									
	2013 Estimate	2012 Estimate	2013 - 2012 Statistical Significance	2011 Estimate	2013 - 2011 Statistical Significance	2010 Estimate	2013 - 2010 Statistical Significance	2009 Estimate	2013 - 2009 Statistical Significance	
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>										
Population 16 years and over	4,154,394	4,085,464	*	4,020,272	*	3,955,676	*	3,927,943	*	
In labor force	68.0%	68.7%	*	69.1%	*	69.4%	*	69.9%	*	
Civilian labor force	67.1%	67.9%	*	68.3%	*	68.6%	*	69.0%	*	
Employed	62.4%	62.6%		62.0%		61.9%	*	63.1%	*	
Unemployed	4.7%	5.3%	*	6.3%	*	6.8%	*	5.9%	*	
Armed Forces	0.8%	0.8%		0.8%		0.8%		0.9%		
Not in labor force	32.0%	31.3%	*	30.9%	*	30.6%	*	30.1%	*	
Civilian labor force	2,789,491	2,775,818		2,747,663	*	2,714,224	*	2,710,648	*	
Percent Unemployed	7.0%	7.8%	*	9.3%	*	9.9%	*	8.5%	*	
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>										
Population 16 years and over	2,077,628	2,047,400	*	2,013,453	*	1,986,146	*	1,959,763	*	
In labor force	62.5%	62.9%		63.9%	*	63.7%	*	63.9%	*	
Civilian labor force	62.3%	62.7%		63.6%	*	63.4%	*	63.6%	*	
Employed	57.9%	57.9%		57.9%		57.8%		58.8%	*	
Own children under 6 years	392,097	395,637		398,085		401,753		419,960	*	
All parents in family in labor force	61.2%	62.5%		63.0%		63.7%		62.0%	*	
Own children 6 to 17 years	799,062	780,644	*	780,984	*	777,310	*	757,426	*	
All parents in family in labor force	72.1%	70.1%	*	70.9%		71.9%		70.3%	*	
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	2,577,184	2,538,793	*	2,477,748	*	2,428,102	*	2,465,357	*	
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	74.7%	74.4%		75.5%	*	75.5%	*	74.3%	*	
Car, truck, or van -- carpoled	9.7%	9.7%		9.8%		10.0%		10.1%		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	3.3%	3.2%		3.1%		3.0%	*	3.3%	*	
Walked	2.9%	3.4%	*	2.9%		3.0%	*	3.0%	*	
Other means	2.5%	2.7%		2.5%		2.2%	*	2.6%	*	
Worked at home	6.9%	6.6%		6.3%	*	6.4%	*	6.7%	*	

**Table has income, use of benefits, health coverage, and, at the bottom, poverty. Asterisks mean the change is not just chance.**

Subject	Colorado									
	2013 Estimate	2012 Estimate	2013 - 2012 Statistical Significance	2011 Estimate	2013 - 2011 Statistical Significance	2010 Estimate	2013 - 2010 Statistical Significance	2009 Estimate	2013 - 2009 Statistical Significance	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	3,304,940	3,270,163		3,238,825		3,194,530		3,188,289	*	
In labor force:	2,628,278	2,616,660		2,605,318		2,576,108		2,575,433	*	
Employed:	2,449,623	2,419,533	*	2,371,620	*	2,330,759	*	2,361,951	*	
With health insurance coverage	82.8%	82.6%		82.8%		82.2%		82.7%		
With private health insurance	78.2%	77.9%		79.0%	*	78.8%		79.6%	*	
With public coverage	6.8%	6.5%		5.8%	*	5.2%	*	4.9%	*	
No health insurance coverage	17.2%	17.4%		17.2%		17.8%		17.3%		
Unemployed:	178,655	197,127	*	233,698	*	247,349	*	213,482	*	
With health insurance coverage	59.4%	58.2%	*	55.5%	*	52.8%	*	52.9%	*	
With private health insurance	42.7%	38.7%	*	37.8%	*	38.6%	*	41.1%	*	
With public coverage	16.7%	19.5%		20.3%		16.1%	*	14.0%	*	
No health insurance coverage	40.6%	43.8%	*	44.5%	*	47.2%	*	47.1%	*	
Not in labor force:	676,662	653,503	*	633,507	*	616,422	*	612,858	*	
With health insurance coverage	80.9%	80.0%		79.7%		78.7%	*	77.5%	*	
With private health insurance	58.1%	57.4%		58.3%		58.3%		59.4%	*	
With public coverage	29.1%	28.8%		27.8%		26.3%	*	24.1%	*	
No health insurance coverage	19.1%	20.0%		20.3%		21.3%	*	22.5%	*	
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL										
All families	8.7%	9.3%		9.1%		9.4%		8.9%	*	
With related children under 18 years	13.9%	14.9%		14.4%		14.9%		14.0%	*	
With related children under 5 years only	14.0%	14.5%		15.2%		18.5%	*	16.0%	*	
Married couple families	4.7%	4.8%		4.7%		4.8%		4.9%		
With related children under 18 years	7.0%	7.8%		7.2%		6.9%		7.3%		
With related children under 5 years only	5.3%	6.8%		6.6%		8.0%	*	7.1%	*	
Families with female householder, no husband present	25.8%	26.9%		28.0%		28.3%	*	27.2%	*	
With related children under 18 years	33.6%	33.9%		36.5%		37.1%	*	34.9%	*	
With related children under 5 years only	39.4%	42.7%		44.8%		50.2%	*	45.2%	*	
All people	13.0%	13.7%	*	13.5%		13.4%		12.9%	*	
Under 18 years	16.9%	18.5%	*	17.9%		17.4%		17.4%	*	
Related children under 18 years	16.5%	18.1%	*	17.5%		17.0%		17.0%	*	
Related children under 5 years	18.4%	20.1%	*	21.6%	*	21.6%	*	21.5%	*	
Related children 5 to 17 years	15.8%	17.3%	*	15.9%		15.3%		15.1%	*	
18 years and over	11.7%	12.2%	*	12.1%		12.1%		11.4%	*	
18 to 64 years	12.6%	13.0%		12.8%		12.8%		11.9%	*	



## Detailed tables provide lots of options: Want to know how many children (or other age groups) are below half the poverty line?

**Advanced Search** - Search all data in American FactFinder

1 **Advanced Search** 2 **Table Viewer** Result 6 of 6 [VIEW ALL AS PDF](#)

**C17024** AGE BY RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS  
Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined  
2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

[Table View](#) [BACK TO ADVANCED SEARCH](#)

Actions: [Modify Table](#) | [Add/Remove Geographies](#) | [Bookmark/Save](#) | [Print](#) | [Download](#) | [Create a Map](#)

[View Geography Notes](#) | [View Table Notes](#)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Colorado	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total	5,151,461	+/-2,077
Under 18 years:	1,226,054	+/-3,825
Under 0.50	80,130	+/-6,791
0.50 to 0.99	126,512	+/-10,290
1.00 to 1.24	71,463	+/-7,154
1.25 to 1.99	188,045	+/-11,295
2.00 to 2.99	216,112	+/-10,659
3.00 to 3.99	161,175	+/-9,410
4.00 to 4.99	121,121	+/-7,510
5.00 and over	261,496	+/-8,668
18 to 64 years:	3,296,266	+/-3,538
Under 0.50	191,690	+/-7,796
0.50 to 0.99	222,770	+/-10,348
1.00 to 1.24	127,974	+/-8,353

Versions of this table are available for the following years:  
 2013 **▶**  
 2012  
 2011  
 2010  
 2009  
 2008  
 2007  
 2006

# For race/ethnicity breakdowns, You need "Subject tables"

American FactFinder - Re: x  
 factfinder2.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS\_12\_1YR\_S1701&prodType=table

S1701 POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS  
 2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Table View [BACK TO ADVANCED SEARCH](#)

Actions: [Modify Table](#) | [Bookmark](#) | [Print](#) | [Download](#) | [Create a Map](#)

[View Geography Notes](#) | [View Table Notes](#)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Indiana					
	Total		Below poverty level		Percent below poverty level	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population for whom poverty status is determined	6,342,423	+/-3,178	990,325	+/-21,187	15.6%	+/-0.3
AGE						
Under 18 years	1,562,496	+/-4,283	349,524	+/-12,182	22.4%	+/-0.8
Related children under 18 years	1,554,680	+/-4,607	342,126	+/-11,836	22.0%	+/-0.8
18 to 64 years	3,926,478	+/-3,518	579,616	+/-11,902	14.8%	+/-0.3
65 years and over	853,449	+/-2,291	61,185	+/-3,738	7.2%	+/-0.4
SEX						
Male	3,108,052	+/-4,841	445,526	+/-11,581	14.3%	+/-0.4
Female	3,234,371	+/-4,978	544,799	+/-13,497	16.8%	+/-0.4
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN						
One race	N	N	N	N	N	N
White	5,364,294	+/-10,436	689,196	+/-16,511	12.8%	+/-0.3
Black or African American	568,143	+/-7,206	187,175	+/-7,839	32.9%	+/-1.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	15,939	+/-1,934	3,974	+/-1,127	24.9%	+/-6.6
Asian	102,622	+/-4,148	22,256	+/-3,113	21.7%	+/-2.9
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	N	N	N	N
Some other race	155,220	+/-9,552	51,162	+/-6,418	33.0%	+/-3.7
Two or more races	133,432	+/-7,208	36,026	+/-4,211	27.0%	+/-3.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	399,798	+/-1,612	114,605	+/-8,328	28.7%	+/-2.1

**Topics:** product types, Subject tables, people, Poverty.

**Geographies:** state, Select your state.

You can find poverty by age, race, educational attainment, work, and those below 1/2 poverty line through 2x poverty line. (scroll down.)

## To get at race/ethnicity breakdowns in your state for children separate from adults, try this:

Using Advanced Search:

1. **Geographies:** select “**state**” – pick your state (our example: Indiana)
2. **Race and Ethnic groups:** click on the “**Detailed Groups**” tab – select the first item – “**All available races**”
3. Scroll down and click on “**Add**” at bottom.
4. Scroll back up and click on “**Close**” at top.
5. Select **S0201, Selected Population Profile in the U.S., 2014 ACS 1 year estimates**
6. When table appears, note at the top there are small numbers: “**1-18 of 48**” with arrows to get to the rest of the columns. (The number of columns will vary with the states).

On the first screen, you'll find **White alone**, **Black or African American alone** or in combination, and **Asian** alone or in combination; on the 2nd screen, find **Hispanic**, **may be of any race**; on the 3rd screen, find **White alone, not Hispanic**. Scroll far down for poverty.

American FactFinder - Re: x

factfinder2.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?\_afid=ACS\_12\_1YR\_S0201&prodType=table

Subject	Total population		White alone		White alone or in combination with one or more other races		Black or African American alone		Black or African American alone or in combination with one or more other races		Asian alone (400-499)		Asian alone or in combination with one or more other races (400-499) & (100-299) or (300, A01-299) or (400-999)		Some other race alone		Some other race alone or in combination with one or more other races		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	
POVERTY RATES FOR FAMILIES AND PEOPLE FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED																			
All families	11.3%	+/-0.3	9.1%	+/-0.3	9.3%	+/-0.3	27.8%	+/-1.7	28.1%	+/-1.7	15.5%	+/-3.7	14.9%	+/-3.5	29.5%	+/-4.6	28.8%	+/-4.4	
With related children under 18 years	18.8%	+/-0.6	15.6%	+/-0.6	15.8%	+/-0.6	37.8%	+/-2.5	38.3%	+/-2.5	15.3%	+/-5.4	14.6%	+/-5.0	36.2%	+/-6.1	35.5%	+/-5.9	
With related children under 5 years only	22.3%	+/-1.7	19.8%	+/-1.7	20.1%	+/-1.7	40.7%	+/-7.0	40.5%	+/-6.8	20.1%	+/-12.0	17.8%	+/-10.8	24.5%	+/-15.0	24.7%	+/-14.4	
Married-couple family	4.9%	+/-0.3	4.3%	+/-0.3	4.3%	+/-0.3	8.4%	+/-1.8	8.2%	+/-1.7	11.4%	+/-3.7	10.6%	+/-3.4	23.0%	+/-5.2	21.8%	+/-4.9	
With related children under 18 years	7.6%	+/-0.5	6.6%	+/-0.5	6.6%	+/-0.5	11.2%	+/-3.2	11.0%	+/-3.1	11.2%	+/-5.2	10.2%	+/-4.8	28.2%	+/-6.7	27.0%	+/-6.4	
With related children under 5 years only	7.2%	+/-1.3	6.6%	+/-1.3	6.5%	+/-1.3	7.8%	+/-6.6	7.4%	+/-6.2	18.5%	+/-12.1	16.6%	+/-11.0	N	N	N	N	
Female householder, no husband present, family	33.7%	+/-1.4	29.7%	+/-1.5	30.1%	+/-1.4	43.9%	+/-3.1	44.7%	+/-3.1	25.8%	+/-11.7	27.4%	+/-11.9	54.5%	+/-9.6	52.8%	+/-9.4	
With related children under 18 years	43.8%	+/-1.8	40.1%	+/-2.0	40.5%	+/-2.0	51.7%	+/-3.8	52.6%	+/-3.8	28.9%	+/-19.2	29.4%	+/-17.6	64.0%	+/-10.7	62.1%	+/-11.2	
With related children under 5 years only	55.5%	+/-4.0	55.2%	+/-4.2	55.5%	+/-4.2	55.3%	+/-9.7	55.4%	+/-9.4	N	N	N	N	53.0%	+/-38.5	56.3%	+/-36.4	
All people	15.6%	+/-0.3	12.8%	+/-0.3	13.1%	+/-0.3	32.9%	+/-1.3	32.9%	+/-1.3	21.7%	+/-2.9	19.5%	+/-2.7	33.0%	+/-3.7	32.3%	+/-3.4	
Under 18 years	22.4%	+/-0.8	17.7%	+/-0.8	18.3%	+/-0.8	45.5%	+/-2.7	43.4%	+/-2.4	19.2%	+/-6.0	15.6%	+/-4.4	44.3%	+/-6.1	42.7%	+/-5.5	
Related children under 18 years	22.0%	+/-0.8	17.3%	+/-0.7	17.9%	+/-0.7	45.2%	+/-2.8	43.1%	+/-2.4	19.0%	+/-6.1	15.4%	+/-4.4	44.1%	+/-6.1	42.4%	+/-5.5	
Related children under 5 years	27.2%	+/-1.4	21.9%	+/-1.3	22.7%	+/-1.4	51.1%	+/-5.2	48.5%	+/-4.1	20.1%	+/-11.0	13.7%	+/-6.7	50.2%	+/-8.3	48.4%	+/-7.5	
Related children 5 to 17 years	20.1%	+/-0.7	15.6%	+/-0.7	16.1%	+/-0.7	43.0%	+/-3.1	40.9%	+/-2.6	18.6%	+/-7.2	16.1%	+/-5.2	41.4%	+/-6.5	39.7%	+/-5.7	
18 years and over	13.4%	+/-0.3	11.4%	+/-0.3	11.5%	+/-0.2	27.5%	+/-1.2	27.4%	+/-1.2	22.4%	+/-2.8	21.1%	+/-2.6	26.2%	+/-3.1	25.7%	+/-2.9	
18 to 64 years	14.8%	+/-0.3	12.6%	+/-0.3	12.7%	+/-0.3	29.1%	+/-1.2	28.9%	+/-1.3	22.8%	+/-2.9	21.4%	+/-2.6	26.2%	+/-3.1	25.8%	+/-2.9	
65 years and over	7.2%	+/-0.4	6.4%	+/-0.4	6.4%	+/-0.4	16.5%	+/-2.0	16.6%	+/-2.0	17.5%	+/-12.2	16.1%	+/-11.5	25.0%	+/-11.7	22.6%	+/-10.1	

## Census Bureau's Use of Race Categories

- When Census uses race/ethnicity categories in summary tables, these are the categories they use:
  - » White alone
  - » White alone, not Hispanic
  - » Black/African American alone
  - » American Indian and Alaska Native alone
  - » Asian alone
  - » Hispanic, may be of any race
- But in a given state, may not be enough in each category to include.

# Other handy products (listed under product types)

## Ranking tables:

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
	United States	15.8	+/-0.1
1	Mississippi	24.0	+/-0.8
2	New Mexico	21.9	+/-0.7
3	Louisiana	19.8	+/-0.5
4	Arkansas	19.7	+/-0.8
5	Georgia	19.0	+/-0.4
6	District of Columbia	18.9	+/-1.2
7	Kentucky	18.8	+/-0.5
8	Alabama	18.7	+/-0.4
9	Arizona	18.6	+/-0.5
9	South Carolina	18.6	+/-0.5
11	West Virginia	18.5	+/-0.7
12	North Carolina	17.9	+/-0.3
13	Tennessee	17.8	+/-0.4
14	Texas	17.5	+/-0.3
15	Florida	17.0	+/-0.3
15	Michigan	17.0	+/-0.3
17	California	16.8	+/-0.2
17	Oklahoma	16.8	+/-0.4
19	Oregon	16.7	+/-0.5
20	Montana	16.5	+/-0.9
21	New York	16.0	+/-0.2
21	Ohio	16.0	+/-0.3
23	Indiana	15.9	+/-0.4
23	Missouri	15.9	+/-0.4
25	Nevada	15.8	+/-0.7

## Geographic Comparison tables:

The screenshot shows the American FactFinder interface. The title is 'PERCENT OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS BELOW POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS - State ...'. The universe is 'Related children under 18 years' and the data is from the '2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates'. The geographic area is set to 'California'. The table below compares California's rate (23.5%) with various school districts.

Geographic Area	Percent	Margin of Error
California	23.5	+/-0.4
SCHOOL DISTRICT, ELEMENTARY		
Alan Rick Union Elementary School District	25.9	+/-6.2
Anaheim Elementary School District	31.7	+/-5.2
Bakersfield City Elementary School District	48.7	+/-6.5
Berryessa Union Elementary School District	11.2	+/-4.6
Santa Maria-Bonita Elementary School District	37.3	+/-8.8
Panama-Buena Vista Union Elementary School District	27.0	+/-7.9
Cajon Valley Union Elementary School District	30.3	+/-6.0
Campbell Union Elementary School District	11.6	+/-7.5
Chula Vista Elementary School District	15.3	+/-3.8
Cupertino Union Elementary School District	2.4	+/-1.2
East Whittier City Elementary School District	17.3	+/-7.2
El Monte City Elementary School District	31.9	+/-9.6
Encinitas Union Elementary School District	10.0	+/-6.9
Escondido Union Elementary School District	26.1	+/-6.8
Elwanda Elementary School District	5.9	+/-3.0
Evergreen Elementary School District	11.2	+/-5.2
Fallbrook Union Elementary School District	36.3	+/-6.6
Franklin-McKinley Elementary School District	22.1	+/-6.3
Fullerton Elementary School District	15.2	+/-6.9
Goleta Union Elementary School District	5.5	+/-5.0
Hawthorne Elementary School District	37.5	+/-8.1
Huntington Beach City Elementary School District	7.9	+/-4.6
Jefferson Elementary School District (San Mateo County)	5.9	+/-3.5
La Mesa-Spring Valley School District	20.9	+/-5.9

## Geographic Comparison Table to Show Percent Without Health Insurance

*Note:* **17.1%** of Arizonans had no health insurance in 2013.

But **31.9%** of people in Arizona's 7<sup>th</sup> CD had no health insurance. *(more than 1/4 of district is foreign born.)*

GCT2701 PERCENT WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE - United States -- Congressional District by State; and for Puerto Rico  
 Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population  
 2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Table View

Actions: [Modify Table](#) | [Add/Remove Geographies](#) | [Bookmark/Save](#) | [Print](#) | [Download](#) | [Create](#)

This table is displayed with default geographies. [?](#)  
 Click Back to Search to select other geographies using the search options on the left.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

To view this table with statistical significance, select With Statistical Significance in the Action menu.  
 A # next to a geography indicates when an estimate is not statistically significant from the estimate for the selected geography.  
 The ## indicates the selected geography.

Geography: **United States** ▼

Geographic Area	Percent	Margin of Error
United States	14.5	+/-0.1
Alabama	13.6	+/-0.4
Congressional District 1 (113th Congress)	15.2	+/-1.0
Congressional District 2 (113th Congress)	13.0	+/-0.7
Congressional District 3 (113th Congress)	13.0	+/-1.0
Congressional District 4 (113th Congress)	15.0	+/-1.0
Congressional District 5 (113th Congress)	13.3	+/-0.9
Congressional District 6 (113th Congress)	10.1	+/-0.9
Congressional District 7 (113th Congress)	16.4	+/-1.0
Alaska	18.5	+/-1.0
Congressional District (at Large) (113th Congress)	18.5	+/-1.0
Arizona	17.1	+/-0.4
Congressional District 1 (113th Congress)	16.9	+/-0.9
Congressional District 2 (113th Congress)	12.9	+/-1.0
Congressional District 3 (113th Congress)	21.5	+/-1.5
Congressional District 4 (113th Congress)	15.9	+/-1.3
Congressional District 5 (113th Congress)	11.2	+/-0.9
Congressional District 6 (113th Congress)	13.1	+/-0.9
Congressional District 7 (113th Congress)	31.9	+/-1.3
Congressional District 8 (113th Congress)	12.3	+/-1.2
Congressional District 9 (113th Congress)	18.4	+/-1.1

Versions of this table are available for the following years:  
 2013 ▾  
 2012  
 2011  
 2010  
 2009

## Using the Data to Make the Case for Investments

SNAP, UI, Tax credits lift millions out of poverty:

➔ **Expand, make tax credit improvements permanent, don't cut!**

The more education, the less poverty:

➔ **Invest, don't cut!**

States using ACA and Medicaid expansion have fewer uninsured.

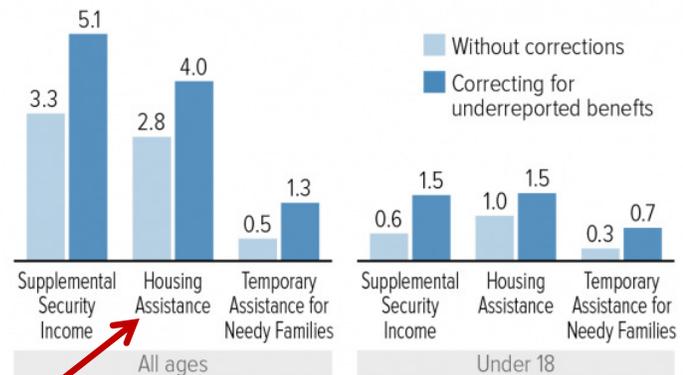
➔ **Take ACA Medicaid option!**

Huge numbers are paying 30%, 50% or more of their income on rent.

➔ **Stop cutting rental vouchers!**

### Correcting for Underreporting Reveals Larger Anti-Poverty Impact for Safety Net Programs

People lifted above poverty line by selected benefits, 2012, in millions



Note: Figures use the federal government's Supplemental Poverty Measure (SPM).  
 Source: CBPP analysis of 2012 Census Bureau data from the March Current Population Survey and SPM public use files; corrections for underreported benefits from U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/Urban Institute TRIM model.

CENTER ON BUDGET AND POLICY PRIORITIES | CBPP.ORG

## Poverty costs too much

Children who have

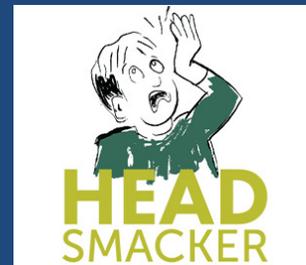
- Head Start
- Nutritious food
- Secure housing
- Health care

Families who have

- Stable jobs
- Secure income

*contribute to  
shared economic growth*

But Congress may let sequestration and other bad choices cut Head Start, housing, nutrition programs, job training, public health, education, tax credits...



## Time to be heard



### *Use the data:*

- In letters or tweets to your Rep and Senators
- Blog posts; comment on blogs ([www.chn.org/blog](http://www.chn.org/blog))
- In letters to the editor
- In a Tweet chat: **MomsRising**, Sept. 18, 1-2 p.m. Eastern
- Posts, links on your Facebook page
- In meetings with members of Congress or staff

## Join the Tweetchat!

**Who:** @MomsRising @CoalitiononHN @NWLC

**What:** #FoodFri tweetchat to discuss the USDA hunger data and U.S. Census poverty and healthcare data and how they relate to the upcoming budget and sequester debates.

**When:** Friday, September 18th from 1-2pm ET

Please use #FoodFri to join the conversation!

## Comment, Share ...

- State groups will release reports in 16+ states tying Census, other data to need to end sequester cuts while protecting and investing in anti-poverty programs: AR, CO, CT, FL, IL, IN, MA, ME, MI, NH, OH, PA, TN, VA, WA, WI
- If you're in any of those states, or have networks there, use social media to share press about the report.
- Make your own press – blog, LTE, op-ed...
- Share link to report with members of Congress.

## We'll send you...

- These slides and the webinar recording
- Quick key points
- State tables (*thank you, Center on Budget and Policy Priorities!*)
- Links to Census Bureau tables with the data we've discussed
- Analyses by other expert organizations
- CHN national report and state reports
- Infographics you can use and share
- Suggested tweets, sample letters to the editor, etc.

# Thanks!

Debbie Weinstein  
dweinstein@chn.org

